Alpha Bridge
AB-SFP+-03
Datasheet

Features

- Optical interface compliant to IEEE 802.3ae 10GBASE-SR
- Electrical interface compliant to SFF-8431
- Hot Pluggable
- 850nm VCSEL transmitter, PIN photo-detector
- Maximum link length of 300m on 2000MHz/km MMF
- Operating case temperature: 0 to 70℃
- Low power consumption
- All-metal housing for superior EMI performance
- Advanced firmware allows customer system encryption information to be stored in the transceiver
- Cost-effective SFP+ solution, enables higher port densities and greater bandwidth

Applications

- 10GBASE-SR at 10.3125Gbps
- 10GBASE-SW at 9.953Gbps
- Other optical links

Product Description

This 850nm VCSEL 10Gigabit SFP+ transceiver is designed to transmit and receive optical data over 50/125 µm or 62.5/125 µm multimode optical fiber (Table 1).

Fiber type	Minimum modal bandwidth@850 mm MHz.km)	Operating range (meters)
625 µm MMF	160	2 to 26
	200	2 to 33
50 µm MMF	400	2 to 66
	500	2 to 82
	2000	2 to 300

Table 1: SFP+ SR Operating Range for each Optical Fiber Type

The SFP+ SR module electrical interface is compliant to SFI electrical specifications. The transmitter input and receiver output impedance is 100 Ohms differential.   Data lines are internally AC coupled. The module provides differential termination and reduce differential to common mode conversion for quality signal termination and low EMI. SFI typically operates over 200 mm of improved FR4 material or up to about 150mmof standard FR4 with one connector.

The transmitter converts 10Gbit/s serial PECL or CML electrical data into serial optical data compliant with the 10GBASE-SR standard. An open collector compatible Transmit Disable (Tx_Dis) is provided. A logic "1," or no connection on this pin will disable the laser from transmitting. A logic "0" on this pin provides normal operation.   The transmitter has an internal automatic power control loop (APC) to ensure constant optical power output across supply voltage and temperature variations. An open collector compatible Transmit Fault (TFault) is provided.   TX_Fault is a module output contact that when high, indicates that the module transmitter has detected a fault condition related to laser operation or safety.   The TX_Fault output contact is an open drain/collector and shall be pulled up to the Vcc_Host in the host with a resistor in the range 4.7-10 kΩ.   TX_Disable

is a module input contact. When TX_Disable is asserted high or left open, the SFP+ module transmitter output shall be turned off. This contact shall be pulled up to VccT with a 4.7 kΩ to 10 kΩ resistor.

The receiver converts 10Gbit/s serial optical data into serial PECL/CML electrical data. An open collector compatible Loss of Signal is provided. Rx_LOS when high indicates an optical signal level below that specified in the relevant standard. The Rx_LOS contact is an open drain/collector output and shall be pulled up to Vcc_Host in the host with a resistor in the range 4.7-10 kΩ, or with an active termination.   Power supply filtering is recommended for both the transmitter and receiver. The Rx_LOS signal is intended as a preliminary indication to the system in which the SFP+ is installed that the received signal strength is below the specified range. Such an indication typically points to non-installed cables, broken cables, or a disabled, failing or a powered off transmitter at the far end of the cable.
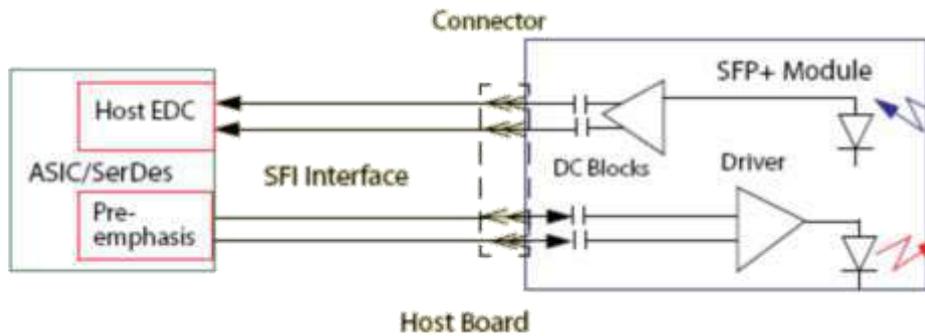

Figure 1: Interface to Host

Pin definition

The SFP+ modules are hot-pluggable. Hot pluggable refers to plugging in or unplugging a module while the host board is powered. The SFP+ host connector is a 0.8 mm pitch 20 position right angle improved connector specified by SFF-8083, or a stacked connector with equivalent electrical performance. Host PCB contact assignment is shown in Figure 2 and contact definitions are given in Table 2. SFP+ module contacts mates with the host in the order of ground, and power, followed by signal as illustrated by Figure 3 and the contact sequence order listed in Table 2.
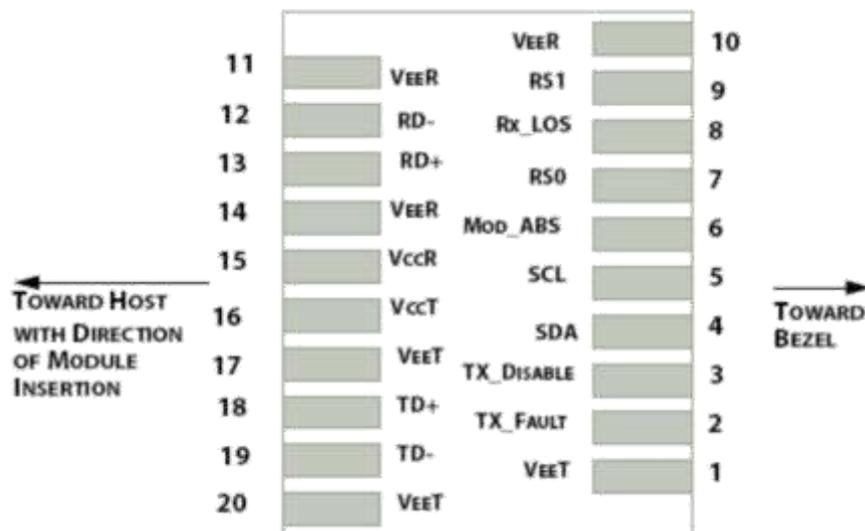

Figure 2: Interface to Host PCB

Figure 3: Module Contact Assignment

Contacts	logic	Symbol	power sequence order	Name/Description
1		VeeT	1st	Module Transmitter Ground
2	LVTTL-O	TX_Fault	3rd	Module Transmitter Fault
3	LVTTL-I	TX_Disable	3rd	Transmitter Disable Turns off transmitter, laser output
4	LVTTL-1/0	SDA	3rd	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line (Same as MOD-DEF2 in the INF-80741)
5	LVTTL-1/0	SCL	3rd	2-wire Serial Interface Clock (Same as MOD-DEFI in the INF-80741)
6		Mod_ABS	3rd	Module Absent connected to VeeT or Veek in the module
7	LVTTL-I	RSO	3rd	Rate Select 0, optionally controls the SFP module receiver. When the high-input signaling rate 425 GBd and when low input signaling rates 425 GB4
8	LVTTL-O	Rx_LOS	3rd	Receiver Loss of Signal Indication In FC designated as Rx LOS and in Ethernet designated as Signal Detect)
9	LVT-IL-I	RSI	3rd	Rate Select 1, optionally controls SFP+ transmitter. When high-input. signaling rates 425 GBd and when low input signaling rate $4.25 GB4.
10		VeeR	1st	Module Receiver Ground
11		VeeR	1st	Module Receiver Ground
12	CML-O	RD-	3rd	Receiver, Inverted Data Output
13	CML-O	RD+	3rd	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
14		VeeR	1st	Module Receiver Ground
15		VccR	2nd	Module Receiver 3.3 V Supply
16		VccT	2nd	Module Transmitter 3.3 V Supply
17		VeeT	1st	Module Transmitter Ground
18	CMI-I	TD+	3rd	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
19	CML-I	TD-	3rd	Transmitter Inverted Data, Input
20		VeeT	1st	Module Transmitter Ground

Table 2: SFP+ Module PIN Definition

Absolute maximum rating

These values represent the damage threshold of the module. Stress in excess of any of the individual Absolute Maximum Ratings can cause immediate catastrophic damage to the module even if all other parameters are within Recommended Operating Conditions.

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	0	+3.6	V
Storage Temperature	Tc	-40	+85	°C

Operating Case Temperature	Tc	0/-40	+70/+85	˚C
Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%
RX Input Average Power	Pmax	-	0	dBm

Table 3: Absolute Maximum Rating

Recommended operating environment

Recommended Operating Environment specifies parameters for which the electrical and optical characteristics hold unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.135	3.300	3.465	V

Table 4: Recommended Operating Environment

Optical characteristics

The following optical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	λt	840	850	860	nm	
RMS spectral width	Pm	-	-	Note 1	nm	
Average Optical Power	Pavg	-6.5	-	-1	dBm	2
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5	-	-	dB	3
Transmitter Dispersion Penalty	TDP	-	-	3.9	dB	
Relative Intensity Noise	Rin	-	-	-128	dB/Hz	12dB reflection
Optical Return Loss Tolerance		-	-	12	dB	
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	λr	840	850	860	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	Psens	-	-	-11.1	dBm	4
Stressed Sensitivity in OMA		-	-	-7.5	dBm	4
Los function	Los	-30	-	-12	dBm	
Overload	Pin	-	-	-1.0	dBm	4
Receiver Reflectance		-	-	-12	dB	

Table 5: Optical Characteristics

Note
1. Trade-offs are available between spectral width, center wavelength and minimum OMA, as shown in table 6.
2. The optical power is launched into MMF
3. Measured with a PRBS 2^{31}-1 test pattern @10.3125Gbps
4. Measured with a PRBS 2^{31}-1 test pattern @10.3125Gbps, BER≤10^{-12}.

Center wavelength (nm)	RMS Spectral width(nm)								
	up to 0.05	0.05 to 0.1	0.1 to 0.15	0.15 to 0.2	0.2 to 0.25	0.25 to 0.3	0.3 to 0.35	0.35 to 0.4	0.4 to 0.45
840 to 842	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.1	-3.9	-3.8	-3.5	-3.2	-2.8
842 to 844	-4.2	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-3.9	-3.8	-3.6	-3.3	-2.9
844 to 846	-4.2	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.8	-3.6	-3.3	-2.9
846 to 848	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.8	-3.6	-3.3	-2.9
848 to 850	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.8	-3.6	-3.3	-3.0
850 to 852	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.8	-3.6	-3.4	-3.0
852 to 854	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.9	-3.7	-3.4	-3.1
854 to 856	-4.3	-4.3	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.9	-3.7	-3.4	-3.1
856 to 858	-4.3	-4.3	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.9	-3.7	-3.5	-3.1
858 to 860	-4.3	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-3.9	-3.7	-3.5	-3.2

Table 6: Minimum 10GBASE-SR OMA as a Function of Wavelength and Spectral Width

Digital Diagnostic Functions

The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified. It is compliant to SFF8472 Rev9.2 with internal calibration mode. For external calibration mode please contact our sales stuff.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	+3	˚C	Over operating temp
Laser power monitor absolute error	DMI_TX	-3	+3	dB	
RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX	-3	+3	dB	-3dBm to -12dBm range
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI_VCC	-0.08	+0.08	V	Full operating range
Bias current monitor	DMI_Ibias	-10%	10%	mA	

Electrical characteristics

The following electrical characteristics are defined in the recommended operating environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Data Rate		-	10.3125	-	Gbps	
Power Consumption		-	600	800	mW	
Transmitter						
Single Ended Output Voltage Tolerance		-0.3	-	4.0	V	
C common mode voltage tolerance		15	-	-	mV	
Tx Input Diff Voltage	VI	180		1200	mV	
Tx Fault	VoL	-0.3		0.4	V	At 0.7mA
Data Dependent Input Jitter	DDJ			0.10	UI	
Data Input Total Jitter	TJ			0.28	UI	
Receiver						
Single Ended Output Voltage Tolerance		-0.3	-	4.0	V	
Rx Output Diff Voltage	Vo	300		850	mV	
Rx Output Rise and Fall Time	Tr/Tf	30			ps	20% to 80%
Total Jitter	TJ			0.70	UI	
Deterministic Jitter	DJ			0.42	UI	

Table 7: Electrical Characteristics

Control and status I/O timing characteristics

Timing characteristics of control and status I/O are included in Table 8, which is also defined in SFF-8431.

Parameter	Symbol	min	max	unit	Conditions
TX Disable assert time	t_off		100	us	rising edge of TX_Disable to full of output signal below 10% of nominal
TX Disable negate time	t_on		2	ms	The falling edge of Tx Disable to rise of output signal above 90% of nominal, This only applies to normal operation not during startup or full recovery
"Time to initialize 2-wire Interface	t_2w_start_up		300	ms	From power on or hot-plug after the supply meeting Table 8.
Time to initialize	t_start_up		300	ms	From-power supplies meeting Table 8 or hot plug or Tx disable negated during power up or Tx Fault recovery, until-non-cooled power level II part for non-cooled power power-level t for Tx Fault-recovery) is fully operational

|					
Time to initialize cooled-module	t_start_up_cooled		90	s	From power supplies meeting Table 8 or hot plug. or Tx disable negated during power up or by Fault recovery, until cooled power level part for cooled power level: part during fault operational recovery) is fully Operational
Time to Power Up to level	1power level2		300	ms	From the falling edge of stop bit enabling power level II until the non-cooled module is fully operational
Time to Power Down from Level II	t_power_down		300	ms	From the falling edge of stop bit disabling power-level II until the module is within power-level requirements
TX_Fault assert	TX_Fault_on		1	ms	From the occurrence of fault-to assertion of Tx_Fault
TX Fault assed for cooled module	TX Fault_on.comled		50	ms	From the occurrence of fault-to assertion of Tx_Fault
TX Fault Reset	t_reset	10		us	Time Tx_Disable must be held high to reset Tx_Fault
RSL, RSI rate select timing for FC	t_Rso_FC,RSI_FC		500	us	From assertion till stable output
RSO, RSI rate select timing non-FC	T_Rso, t_RSI		10	ms	From assertion till stable output
Rx_LOS assert delay	t_los_on		100	ms	From the occurrence of loss of signal to the assertion of Rx_LOS
Rx_LOS negate delay	t_los_off		100	ms	From occurrence of the presence of signal to the negation of Rx_Los

Table 8: Timing Characteristics

Mechanical
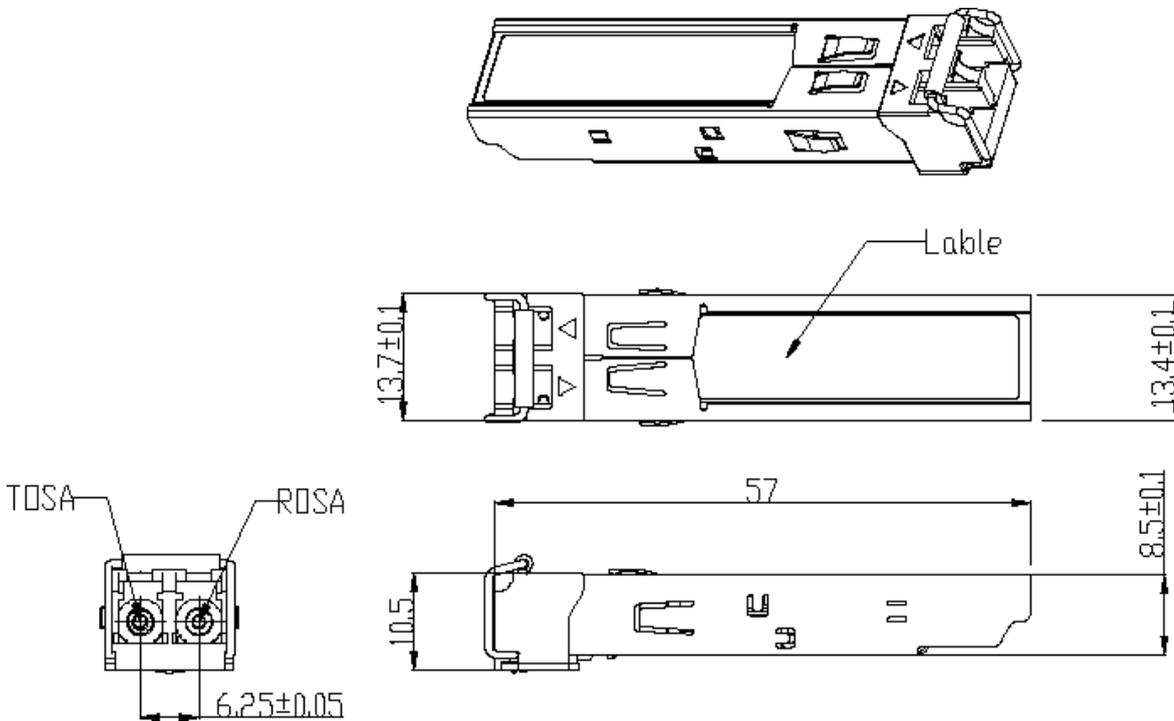
Table 9: Key Mechanical Dimensions

Ordering information

Part Number	Description
AB-SFP+-03	10Gbps 850nm 300m LC SFP+ Transceiver 0ºC ~ +70ºC
AB-SFP+-03-I	10Gbps 850nm 300m LC SFP+ Transceiver -40ºC ~ +85ºC

Note: All information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.